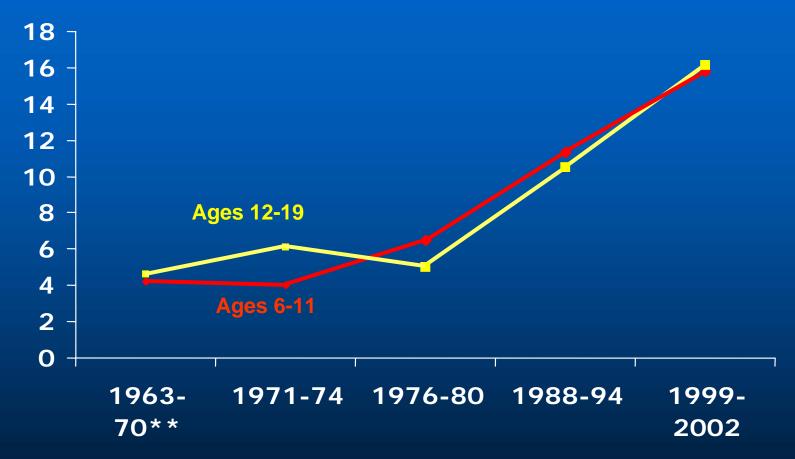
The Risks and Ramifications of Childhood Overweight in Connecticut:

Where We Are and What We Are Doing

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Percent of Overweight* Children and Adolescents in the United States



^{*} Overweight is defined as BMI >95th percentile for age and gender based on 2000 CDC growth charts

Source: National Center for Health Statistics

^{**}Data from 1963-65 for children 6-11 years of age and from 1966-70 for adolescents 12-17 years of age

Connecticut School Health Survey 2005 Youth Behavior Component

- Representative sample of 9-12 graders
- Based on self-reported heights and weights
- 14.7% At Risk for Overweight
 15.7% National average
- 11.2% Overweight13.1% National average

25.9% or 1 in 4

Connecticut School Health Survey 2005 Youth Behavior Component

- 78.2 % did <u>not</u> eat five or more fruits and vegetables per day in past week
- 32.3 % did <u>not</u> meet recommended levels of physical activity
- 8.8 % did <u>not</u> participate in <u>any</u> moderate or vigorous physical activity in the past week
- 33.5 % watched three or more hours of TV per day during the school week

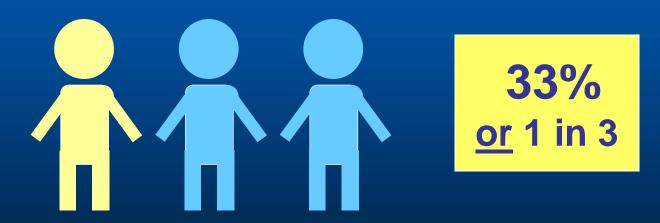
Health Consequences of Overweight

- Asthma and chronic respiratory conditions
- Hypertension ↑ blood pressure
- Dyslipidemia ↑ cholesterol or triglycerides
- Diabetes
- Heart disease and stroke
- Depression
- Gallbladder disease
- Osteoarthritis
- Cancer endometrial, breast and colon

only smoking exceeds obesity's contribution to morbidity and mortality rates in the US

Overweight and Diabetes

 Current CDC estimates predict that unless we change the way we live, one in three children born in the United States in 2000 will develop diabetes in their lifetime.



That's 14,340 new cases of diabetes among Connecticut youth per year.

Risk for Heart Disease in Children

% of children, aged 5-10, with 1 or more risk factors for heart disease:

% of children, aged 5-10, with 2 or more risk factors for heart disease:

27.1%

6.9%

Source: Freedman DS et al. Pediatrics 1999; 103: 1175-82

Risk for Heart Disease and Overweight

overweight

% of children, aged 5-10, with 1 or more risk factors for heart disease:

77.136

60.6%

overweight

% of children, aged 5-10, with 2 or more risk factors for heart disease:

P. ??

26.5%

Source: Freedman DS et al. Pediatrics 1999; 103:1175-82

Risk for Heart Disease and Overweight

overweight

% of children, aged 5-10, with 1 or more risk factors for heart disease:

overweight

% of children, aged 5-10, with 2 or more risk factors for heart disease:

77.12/2

D.9%

60.6%

26.5%

14,999

CT YOUTH

6,559

Source: Freedman DS et al. Pediatrics 1999; 103:1175-82

The Economic Burden of Overweight

 An estimated 4.3% of adult medical expenses in Connecticut in 2003 were related to obesity.

\$856 million dollars

 Medicare and Medicaid financed approximately 78% of these expenditures.

National Average is 50%

Controlling the growth of the obesity epidemic is a matter of investing in our children's health now...

Or paying later.









DPH Obesity Program Priorities

- Establish infrastructure
- Secure on-going program funding
- Evaluate and expand ConnectiFIT
- Implement statewide surveillance mechanism
- Support related legislation where appropriate



DPH Programs Combating Childhood Obesity

- The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children
- Connecticut Breastfeeding Initiative
- Five A Day
- Maternal and Child Health Block Grant
- Preventive Health Block Grant



Government and Research Partners

- Department of Environmental Protection No Child Left Inside
- Department of Transportation
 Safe Routes to School Program
- Rudd Center on Food Policy and Obesity at Yale University
- State Department of Education
 Action Guide for School Nutrition & Physical Activity Policies; Public Act 06-63
- The University of Connecticut

Overweight adolescents have a 70% chance of becoming overweight or obese adults.





